1	STUDY ON FUBLIC FUNDING OF FULLTICAL
2	CAMPAIGNS
3	2020 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Joel K. Briscoe
6	Senate Sponsor:
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill requires the lieutenant governor to conduct a study on public funding of
11	political campaigns.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	<ul> <li>requires the lieutenant governor to conduct a study on public funding of political</li> </ul>
15	campaigns;
16	<ul><li>describes requirements for the study; and</li></ul>
17	<ul> <li>requires the lieutenant governor to present the study to the Government Operations</li> </ul>
18	Interim Committee.
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	None
23	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
24	AMENDS:
25	63I-2-267, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
26	67-1a-14, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 348



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28	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
29	Section 1. Section <b>63I-2-267</b> is amended to read:
30	63I-2-267. Repeal dates Title 67.
31	Subsections 67-1a-14(4) through (6) are repealed on July 1, 2021.
32	Section 2. Section 67-1a-14 is amended to read:
33	67-1a-14. Studies Report.
34	(1) As used in this section, "petition" means a petition to:
35	(a) qualify a ballot proposition for the ballot under Title 20A, Chapter 7, Issues
36	Submitted to the Voters;
37	(b) organize and register a political party under Title 20A, Chapter 8, Political Party
38	Formation and Procedures; or
39	(c) qualify a candidate for the ballot under Title 20A, Chapter 9, Candidate
40	Qualifications and Nominating Procedures.
41	(2) The lieutenant governor, in consultation with a county clerk and municipal clerk,
42	shall study a way that a registered voter may sign a petition on the Internet and receive
43	information about the petition on the Internet.
44	(3) The study shall evaluate:
45	(a) how to sign a petition on the Internet using a holographic signature that is in an
46	electronic format maintained by a government agency;
47	(b) the security, development, ownership, management, format, and content of a secure
48	Internet portal or website on which a registered voter may sign a petition;
49	(c) the security measures necessary to:
50	(i) verify the identity of a registered voter who signs a petition on the Internet; and
51	(ii) insure the integrity of a signature;
52	(d) changes to the process of collecting, verifying, and certifying a signature, if the
53	signature is collected on the Internet;
54	(e) whether verification is necessary for signatures collected on the Internet;
55	(f) which election official should be responsible for the certification of signatures
56	collected on the Internet;
57	(g) whether signatures on a petition should be public information;
58	(h) the removal process of a signature collected on the Internet;

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59	(i) what percentage of signatures should be collected on the Internet or in person,
60	statewide or by Senate district;
61	(j) what information regarding the petition should be available on the secure Internet
62	portal or website, including who may submit the information and by what deadline information
63	should be submitted;
64	(k) the time the lieutenant governor, county clerk, or municipal clerk may spend
65	certifying a petition if a registered voter is allowed to sign a petition on the Internet;
66	(l) the processes, if any, that exists in other states to allow a registered voter to sign a
67	petition on the Internet; and
68	(m) any other issue related to allowing a registered voter to sign a petition on the
69	Internet.
70	(4) The lieutenant governor shall conduct a study regarding public funding of political
71	campaigns.
72	(5) The study described in Subsection (4) shall include information on, and an analysis
73	of, the following:
74	(a) the different methods for public funding of campaigns used by states and
75	municipalities and other methods that have been suggested in scholarly articles or other
76	publications;
77	(b) the funding sources and methods used in states and municipalities, or that have
78	been suggested for use, to publicly fund campaigns;
79	(c) the pros and cons of:
80	(i) publicly funding campaigns; and
81	(ii) the methods described in Subsections (5)(a) and (b);
82	(d) how public funding of campaigns might be used in Utah statewide, for only
83	municipalities, or as a pilot program for certain jurisdictions;
84	(e) the potential costs of requiring, or permitting, public funding of campaigns; and
85	(f) other matters that the lieutenant governor determines to be useful in considering the
86	public funding of campaigns in Utah.
87	(6) The lieutenant governor shall present the study described in Subsections (4) and (5)
88	to the Government Operations Interim Committee before July 1, 2021.